

Water Street NW Streetscape Project May 4th, 2020



Agenda

Background

Project Overview

Notice of Intent Comment Period

Questions



Benefits of Increased Cycling

Individual Benefits

- Reduced transportation costs
- Exercise and health

Economic Development

- Tourism
- Placemaking
- Increases foot traffic/local spending

Environmental Benefits

• Reduced CO₂ emissions

System Management Benefits

- Reduced wear and tear
- Fewer cars on road

Resiliency

• Bikes keep people & goods moving when other options & systems fail













Why is DC Installing Bicycle Lanes?

2005 Bicycle Master Plan Goals

- 2000: 1% of commute trips by bike
- 2010: 3% of commute trips by bike
- 2015: 5% of commute trips by bike



Sustainable DC goals (2032)

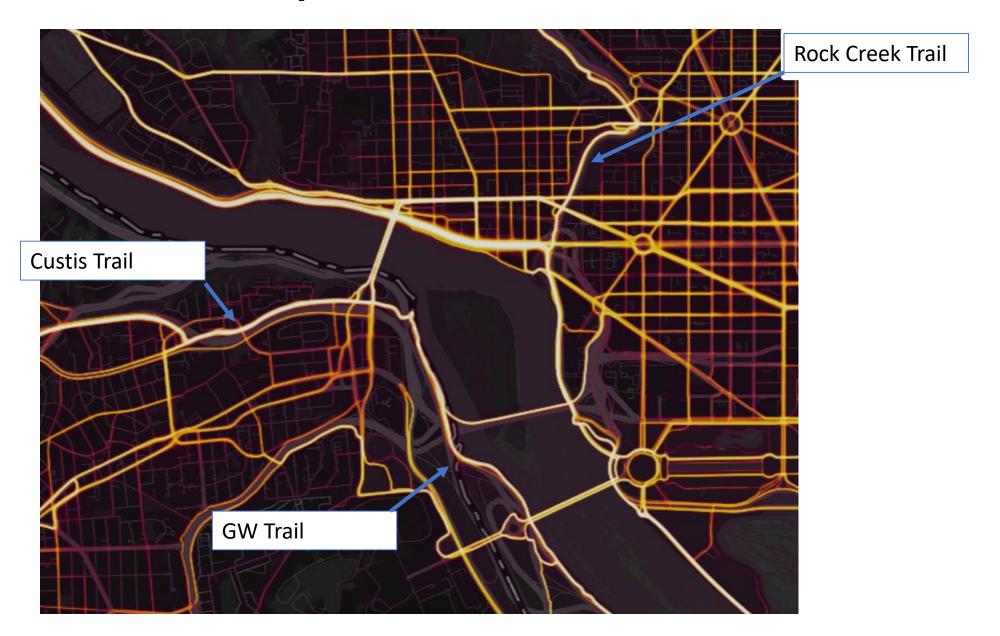
- 75% of all trips by walk, bike, or transit by 2032
- 200 more bike share stations







Strava Heatmap - 2019





K/Water St. Count Data

- 1,650 Average Daily Bicycles on cycletrack (Wisconsin/K, 2019)
- 2,450 Peak Daily Bicycles on cycletrack (favorable weather, weekend or holiday)
- ~ 460 daily vehicles at 34th/Water (2018)
- Pedestrians & scooter riders not counted in the above counts due to limitations on the counter device – i.e. overall use is substantially higher when including these two modes.



K/Water St. Use Data

 Prior to cycletrack, 42% of cyclists used park pathway, 58% used roadway

 After cycletrack, 10% of cyclists used park pathway, 80% used cycletrack, 10% used roadway

 Remaining cyclists in park travel much slower in general (observational)



Protected Bike Lanes (PBLs)



Driving or Parking Lane

Buffer

One-Way or Two-Way Bike Lane

Sidewalk



Why Protected Lanes?

Where we are now

Where we Started





HIGH STRESS TOLERANCE

BICYCLIST DESIGN USER PROFILES

Interested but Concerned

51%-56% of the total population

Often not comfortable with bike lanes, may bike on sidewalks even if bike lanes are provided; prefer off-street or separated bicycle facilities or quiet or traffic-calmed residential roads. May not bike at all if bicycle facilities do not meet needs for perceived comfort.

Somewhat Confident

5-9% of the total population

Generally prefer more separated facilities, but are comfortable riding in bicycle lanes or on paved shoulders if need be.

Highly Confident

4-7% of the total population

Comfortable riding with traffic; will use roads without bike lanes.







Water St NW Schedule

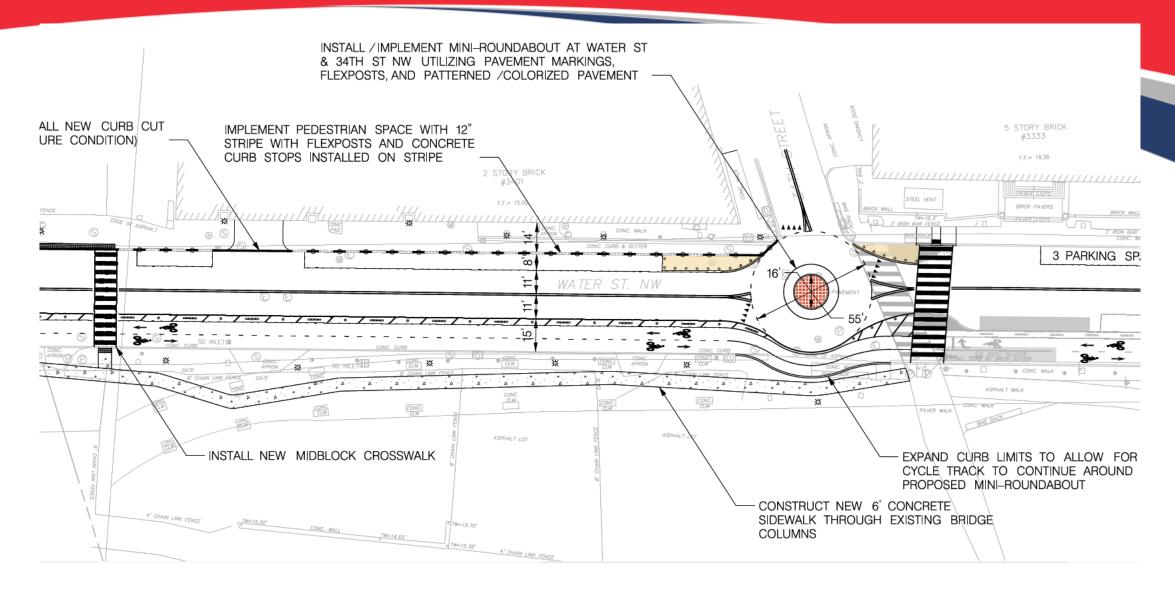
Concept Planning

- MoveDC (2013)
- Georgetown 2028 (2014)
- K/Water Corridor Plan (2016)
- Preferred Alternative Analysis
 - Traffic analysis & streetscape (2018-20)
- Phase 1 K/Water
 - 29th to 34th built in summer 2018
- Phase 2 Preferred Alternatives Design and Engineering
 - Fall 2019 today
- Public Comment Period- 30 business days from NOI
 - May 19, 2020
- Phase 2 Installation
 - Spring/Summer 2020



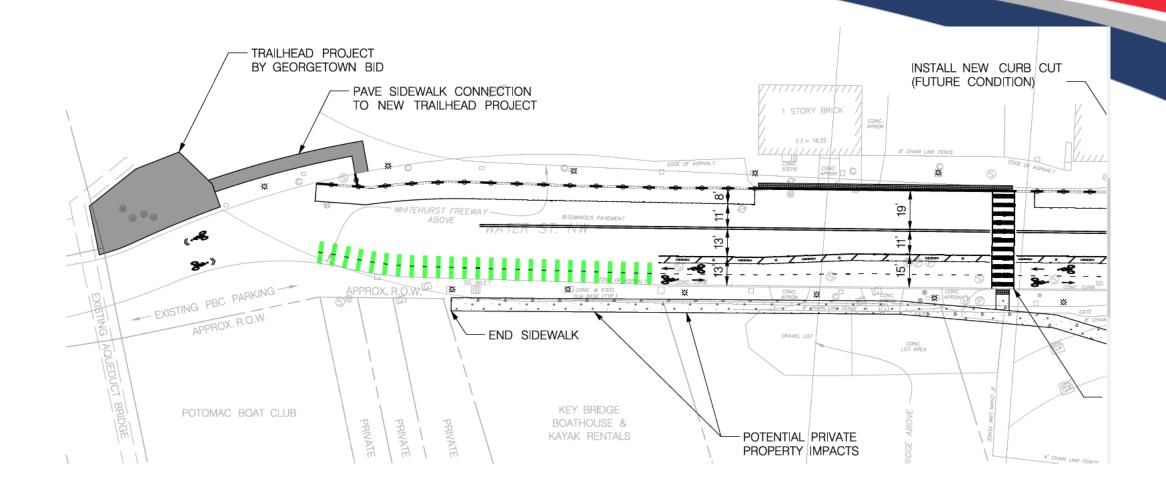


Water St from 34th to Key Bridge

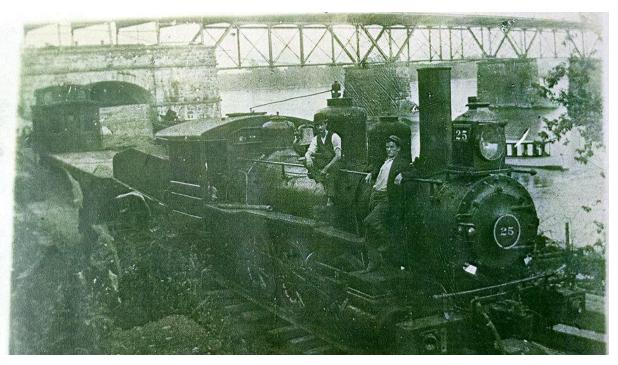




Water St from Key Bridge to Capital Crescent Trail





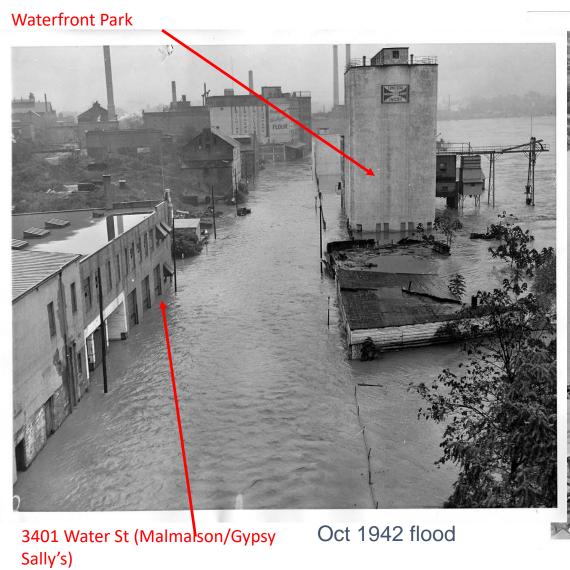


1910 – Switcher Engine. Streetcar Era Aqueduct Bridge behind



1930 – Aqueduct Bridge Tunnel, Key Bridge (1927) behind





Rendering Plant Concrete Shipping **BID Office** Dean & DeLuca 1940s – Industrial Heyday

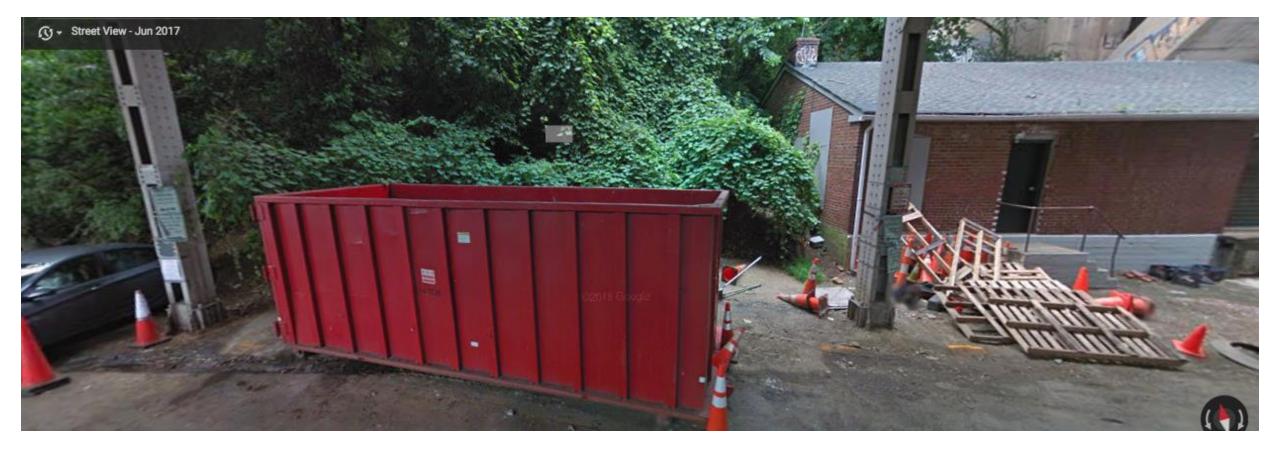


1965 – B&O Railroad at 3300 block Water St





1985 – last rail run up Georgetown Branch with the John Bull. WCC paddler racing.



Vestiges of the industrial street remain:

The GBID and Golden Triangle BID Dumpster (The pallet trash is dumped here by others)



Current & Recent Uses

- Dumpster Storage
- Porta-Potty Locations
- Road Salt Storage
- Construction Staging, Movie Staging

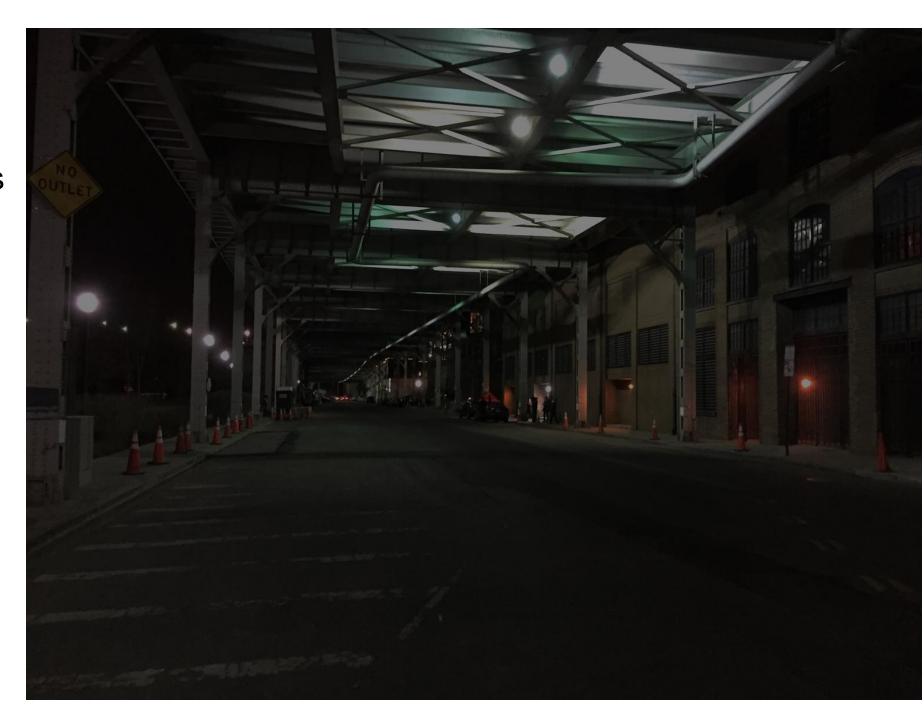




- Buses that come to Water Street routinely damage the infrastructure as there is no space to turn around
- As of 2016, there is no marked parking for buses on Water St.
- As of July, 2018 DDOT has removed this area as a Bus parking zone



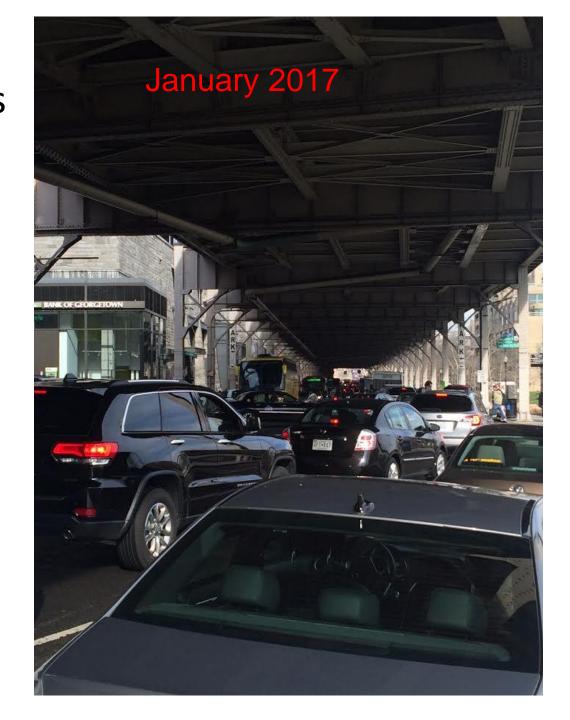
- Late Night Drag
 Racing (no stop signs or traffic controls)
- Drug dealing and violence at end of Water Street



Longstanding congestion issues:

- Limited signal time at 27th/K creates choke point—only 8-18 cars/2 min. can exit Georgetown
- More cars enter K Street during AM rush than can leave in PM rush – because RCP access

 We want tour busses, but movements/operations are very disruptive to traffic



Traffic isn't always bad as a result



Monday, 7-16-18, 6:13 PM

Establish Georgetown as a Bicycle-Friendly Destination

eorgetown is a natural destination for bicyclists with the convergence of high quality trails, a growing network of bikeshare stations, and proximity to universities, tourist attractions and the central business district. Whether commuting to work or exercising, bicycle enhancements will improve Georgetown's physical and perceptional connection to the city and the region.

VISION The Georgetown 2028 plan envisions leveraging the neighborhood's position as a bicycle center, including four top-rated bicycle shops, to attract more retail customers and commuters while reducing vehicle congestion.

ACTION Georgetown 2028 recommends positioning the neighborhood as a premier destination for bicycle trips, whether for recreational rides, commutes to and from work, or for tourist visits. Steps to position Georgetown as a bicycle destination include:

- Connecting bicycle facilities that currently bring cyclists only to the edge of the commercial district
- Implementing a high quality bike connection between the Capital Crescent Trail and Rock Creek Parkway Trail, such as adding a cycletrack on Water and K Streets.
- Expanding bicycle parking by installing in-street bike corrals throughout commercial areas just off of main corridors

TRANSPORTATION

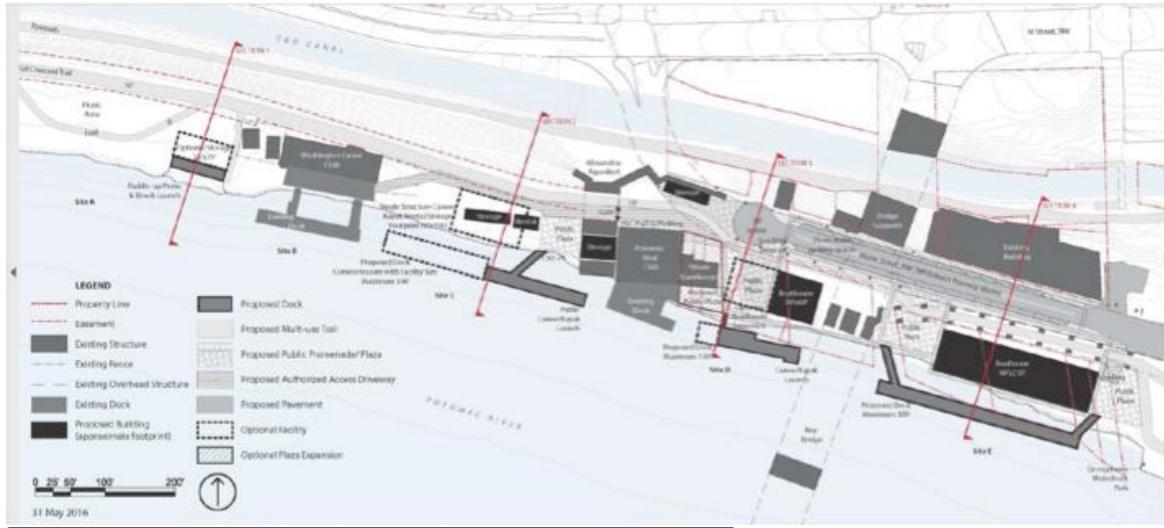
Better Roadway and Parking Management

uch driver frustration is focused on M Street, or when exiting K Street, especially during congested evening rush hours and on weekends. There are many opportunities to ease driver frustration by improving roadway management, communication and enforcement. Improved signage, lane configuration, signal timing in intersections and enforcement of traffic laws for moving violations will all help reduce traffic problems and perceptions that effect Georgetown's commercial district while also improving transit and the pedestrian experience.

VISION Georgetown 2028 envisions the driver experience made better through improved roadway configuration, management and enforcement.

ACTION Georgetown 2028 recommends that a series of steps be taken to reduce driver frustration, including:

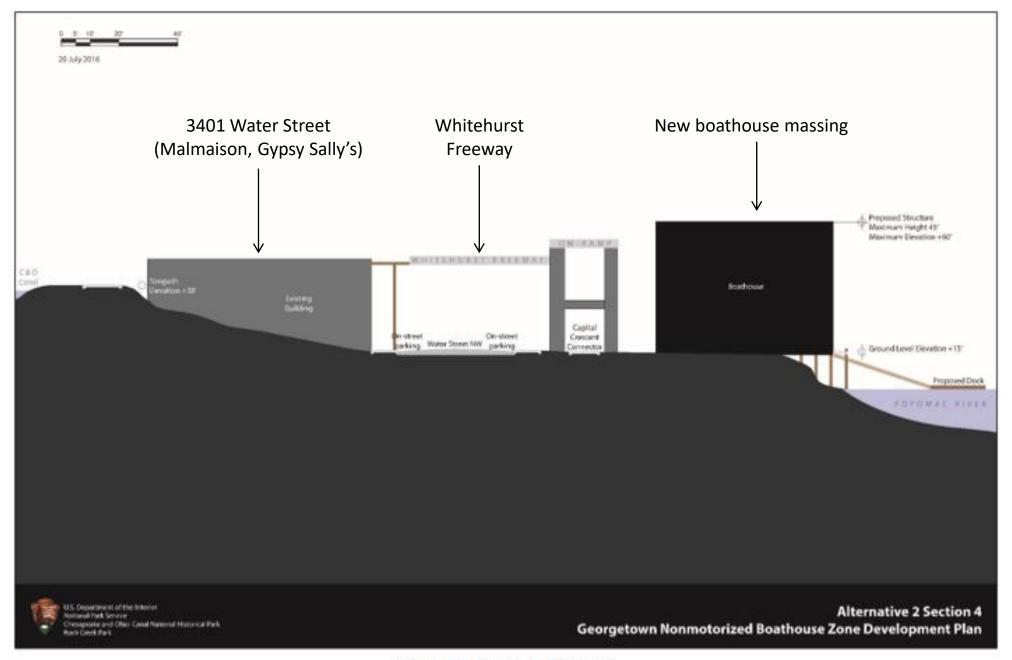
- » Positioning traffic control officers at major intersections during congested times to prevent gridlock and reduce conflicts between pedestrians and motorists
- Examining changes to the Glover Park roadway configuration to address persistent congestion on Wisconsin Avenue, which would also improve public transit reliability
- Improving traffic flow at the 29th and K Street intersection to allow direct evening rush hour access to Rock Creek Parkway

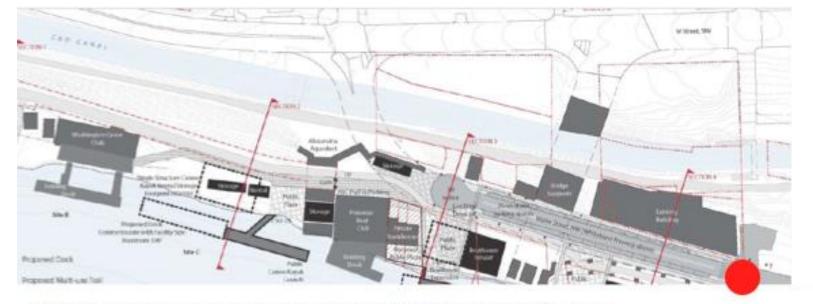


Rowing program support

- Site C: Up to ~6,000 SF second floor
- Site D: Up to ~3,600 SF to ~4,200 SF second floor
- Site D: Up to ~3,600 SF to ~4,200 SF third floor
- Site E: Up to ~13,800 SF second floor
- Site E: Up to ~13,800 SF third floor







NPS Proposed location for circle (w/ BID Alternative in red)



BID Proposed location for circle (w/ NPS proposal in blue)





Proposed turnaround at 34th Street

Local/boathouse traffic only beyond this point

Large enough to accommodate tour buses and large trucks



THE AQUEDUCT

0 50' 100'

Alternative A



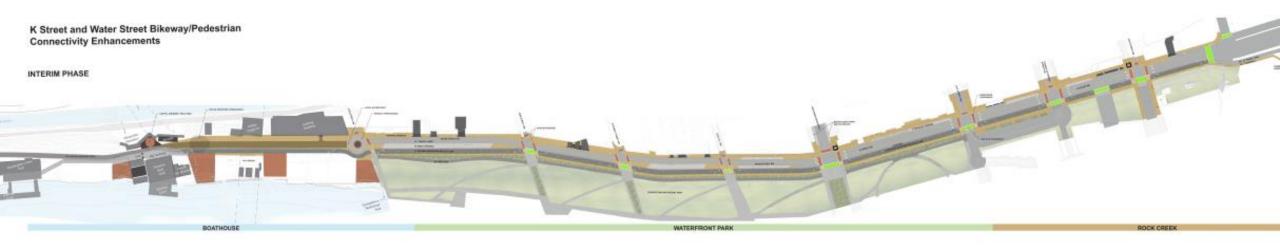
Inspiration & Trials



Local examples: protected x-walks, planter-protected pedestrian zones



BID and DDOT got COG Grant to study and plan for reconfiguration





More Information

Public Comment Period

Open now- Closes May 19, 2020 COB

Project Websites

https://wiki.ddot.dc.gov/display/NOI/NOI-20-63-PSD

Contact Information

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